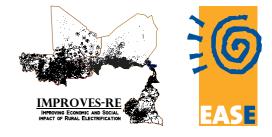


Rural Energy Entrepreneurs in Mali & Burkina Faso



Intelligent Energy 💽 Europe

Context: IMPROVES at 'meso-level' 'from planning to implementation'



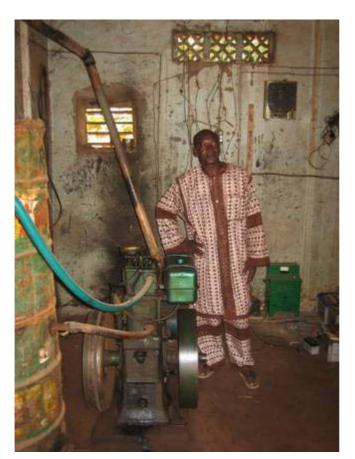
Profiles of Rural Energy Entrepreneurs



Purpose of the study

- Give insight into the experiences and reality of rural entrepreneurs: get to know their businesses and the circumstances under which they operate
- Interviews in Mali and Burkina Faso
- Not statistically representative!
- Additional project output
- Joint effort with ETC EASE project
- Responsibility with ETC

Entrepreneurs with or without external financial support



Mr. Bagaga, informal entrepreneur, Mali



Motors at the International Production Project (PPI), formal energy entrepreneur, Burkina Faso

• • • Formal and informal entrepreneurs



Batteries for charging in Koumantou, Mali



Electricity wires in Sebba, Burkina Faso

Local knowledge



Energy demands

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Ingland	113	INWYT	141 2.47	
Ingland	30 6	123236	191 2-13	
	rain avec ane tranchise y En de Juni - 200		Wh consortance.	



Payment capacities

Type of client

Different technologies





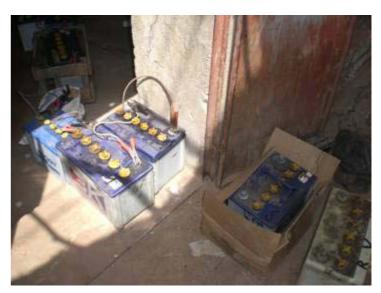




• • • Fixed prices per month



One light bulb: 1000-3000 FCFA



Full battery charge: 500 FCFA

••• fixed prices (continued)

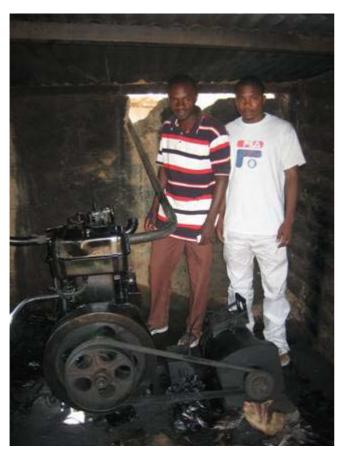


Phone charge: 250 FCFA



Milling: 50 FCFA

Main operating costs



Costs for Mr Maré in Burkina Faso: diesel for his engine



Mr. Maré's main business: a bar (buvette)

Span of control: 20-70 customers



Small local electricity providers key in 'pre-electrification' of rural areas



••• Stories of four entrepreneurs



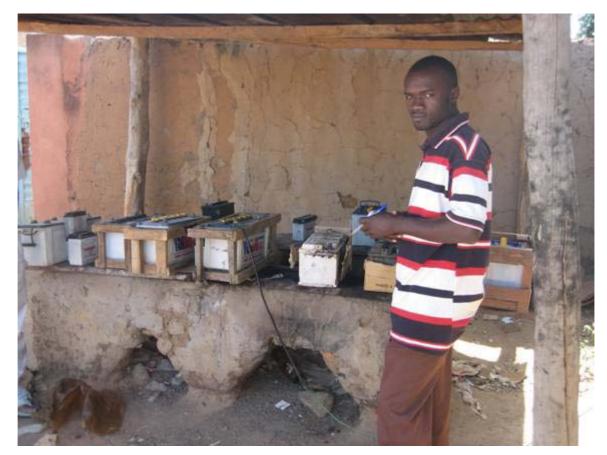
Mr. Oumar Bagaga, informal energy entrepreneur in Ségou, Mali





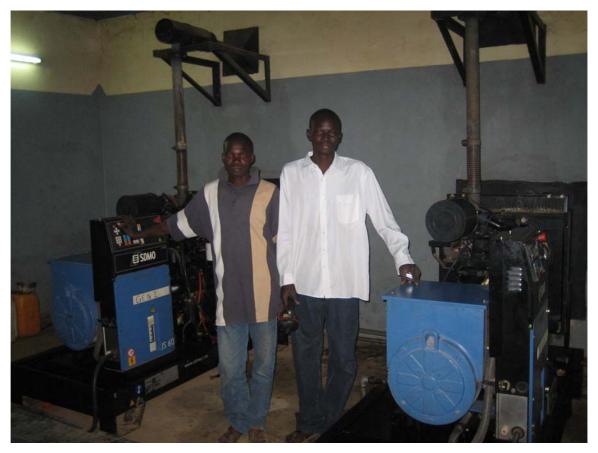
Mr. Mandjou Tounkara, formal energy entrepreneur in Nossombougou, Mali





Mr. Amox Maré, informal energy entrepreneur in Gomboussougou, Burkina Faso





Mr. Kindo, technician, and Mr. Yonli, mechanic, of the International Production Project (PPI) in Sebba, Burkina Faso

• • • • SWOT Analysis Rural Energy Entrepreneurs (REE)

STRENGTHS:

- REEs have diversified activities to sustain their business
- REEs are flexible and can adapt quickly to changing markets
- REEs are embedded in and accepted by local authorities/communities
- Low operating costs
- Fast 'time-to-market'

WEAKNESSES:

- Difficult for REEs to comply with technical or administrative requirements
- Weak technical and financial management skills
- REEs serve a limited number of customers
- Working in isolation, lack of business support
- REEs use outdated equipment
- REEs and their customers lack creditworthiness
- Some commercial customers complain about limited service

SWOT Analysis Rural Energy Entrepreneurs (REE)

OPPORTUNITIES:

• REEs can (pre-) electrify marginal rural areas in a cost-effective and sustainable way

THREATS:

- Large rural electrification programmes/companies entering the area?
- Increased technical and administrative requirements (standards)?

Statements from previous presentations

• Niger:

 need to build the capacity of local operators

o Mali:

- lack of local and national actors
- their weak technical, financial and management capacity
- importance of MFPs for income generation for rural women

Local energy entrepreneurs are players in the electricity sector



Include them in rural energy planning?















